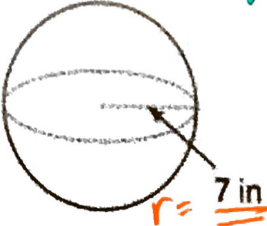
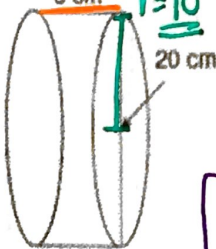
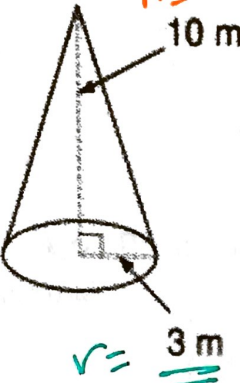



Warm-Up

Find the Volume of the 3-Dimensional Shapes. Round to the nearest tenth, and label units!

1.  $V = \frac{4 \cdot \pi \cdot r^3}{3}$
 $V = \frac{4 \cdot \pi \cdot (7)^3}{3}$
 $V = 1436.8 \text{ in}^3$

2.  $V = \pi \cdot r^2 \cdot h$
 $V = \pi \cdot (10)^2 \cdot (8)$
 $V = 2513.3 \text{ cm}^3$

3.  $V = \frac{\pi \cdot r^2 \cdot h}{3}$
 $V = \frac{\pi \cdot (3)^2 \cdot (10)}{3}$
 $V = 94.2 \text{ m}^3$

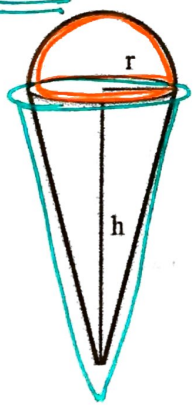
4.  $V = \frac{4 \cdot \pi \cdot r^3}{3}$
 $V = \frac{4 \cdot \pi \cdot (6.5)^3}{3}$
 $V = 575.2 \text{ in}^3$

5. Formula for Volume of a Rectangular Prism: $V = l \cdot w \cdot h$

Composite Figures:

2 or more 3-D figures put together (add)
 or taken apart (subtract)

Ex. 1: Find the total volume of an ice cream cone composed of a hemisphere on top of a cone where the radius is 1.5 inches and the cone is 4 inches tall.



Hemisphere:
 $\frac{4 \cdot \pi \cdot r^3}{3}$
 $\frac{4 \cdot \pi \cdot (1.5)^3}{3}$
 7.1 in^3

(ONE):
 $\frac{\pi \cdot r^2 \cdot h}{3} = \frac{\pi \cdot (1.5)^2 \cdot 4}{3} = 9.4$
 $7.1 + 9.4 = 16.5 \text{ in}^3$

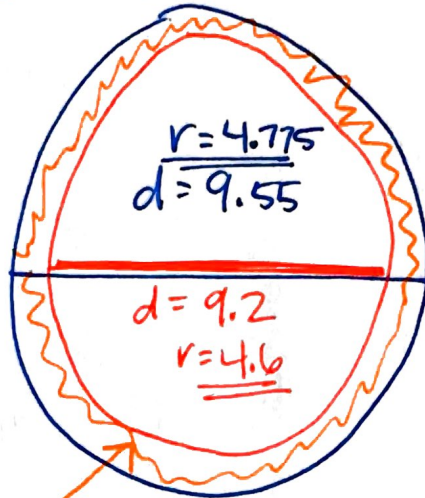
Notes 9-2

Composite Figures- Cylinders, Cones, Spheres

Unit 9

Int 2

Ex. 2: A basketball is a sphere that is made of rubber or leather and on the inside is a "bladder" filled with air. The diameter of a basketball is 9.55 inches and the "bladder" inside the basketball creates a sphere with a diameter of 9.2 inches. What is the volume of the material used to actually make the basketball?



Large Sphere

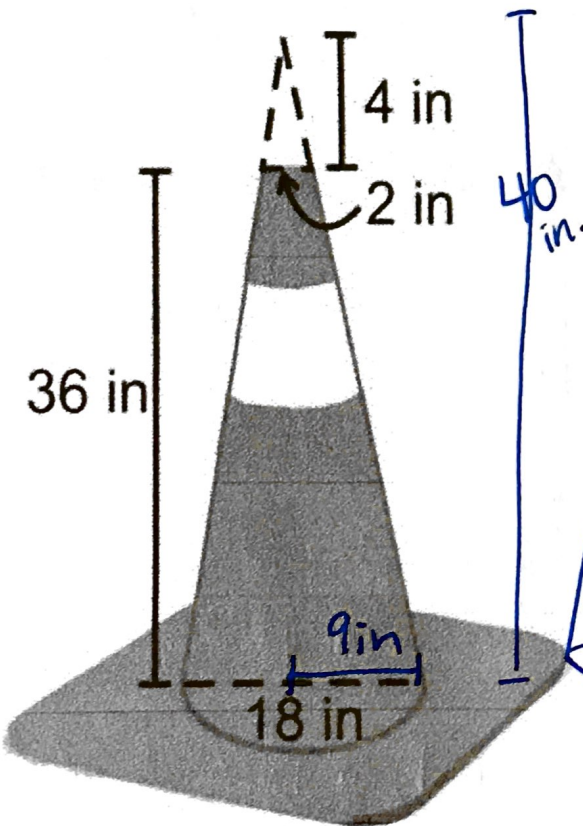
subtract Smaller sphere

$$V = \frac{\pi \cdot 4 \cdot (4.775)^3}{3} = 456.0 \text{ in}^3$$

$$V = \frac{\pi \cdot 4 \cdot (4.6)^3}{3} = 407.7 \text{ in}^3$$

48.3 in³ of material

Ex. 3: A traffic cone has the top removed to create a flat top. What is the volume of the traffic cone?

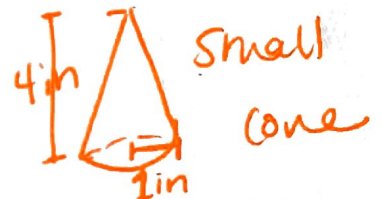


Large Cone

$$\frac{\pi \cdot r^2 \cdot h}{3}$$

$$\frac{\pi \cdot (9)^2 \cdot 40}{3}$$

$$3392.9 \text{ in}^3$$



Small Cone

$$\frac{\pi \cdot r^2 \cdot h}{3}$$

$$\frac{\pi \cdot (2)^2 \cdot 4}{3}$$

$$4.2 \text{ in}^3$$

$$= 3388.7 \text{ in}^3$$

subtract because it is cut off.

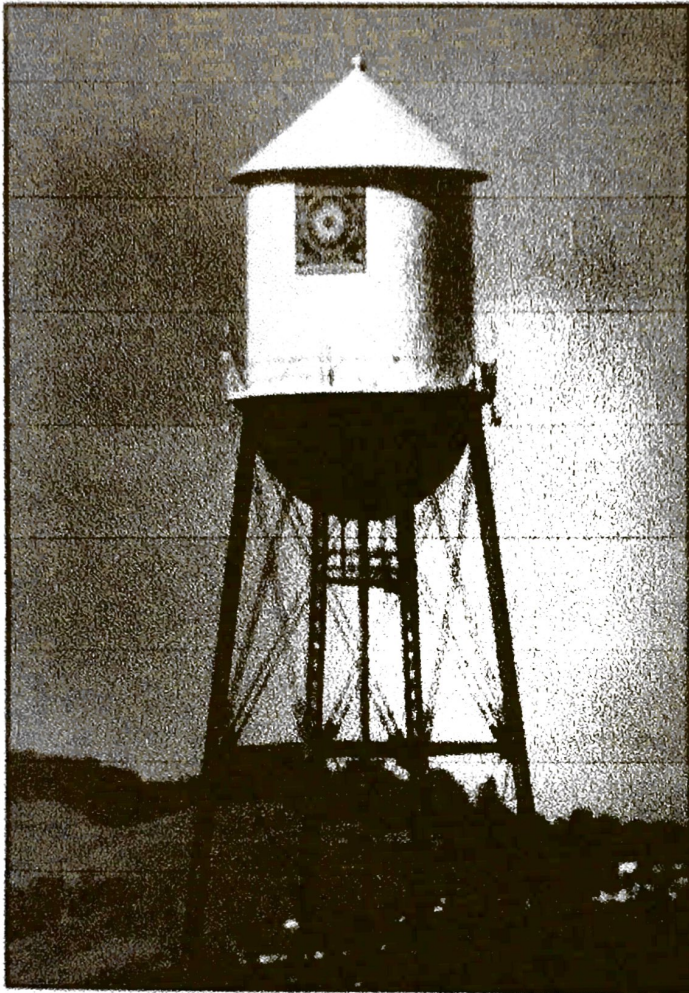
Notes 9-2

Composite Figures- Cylinders, Cones, Spheres

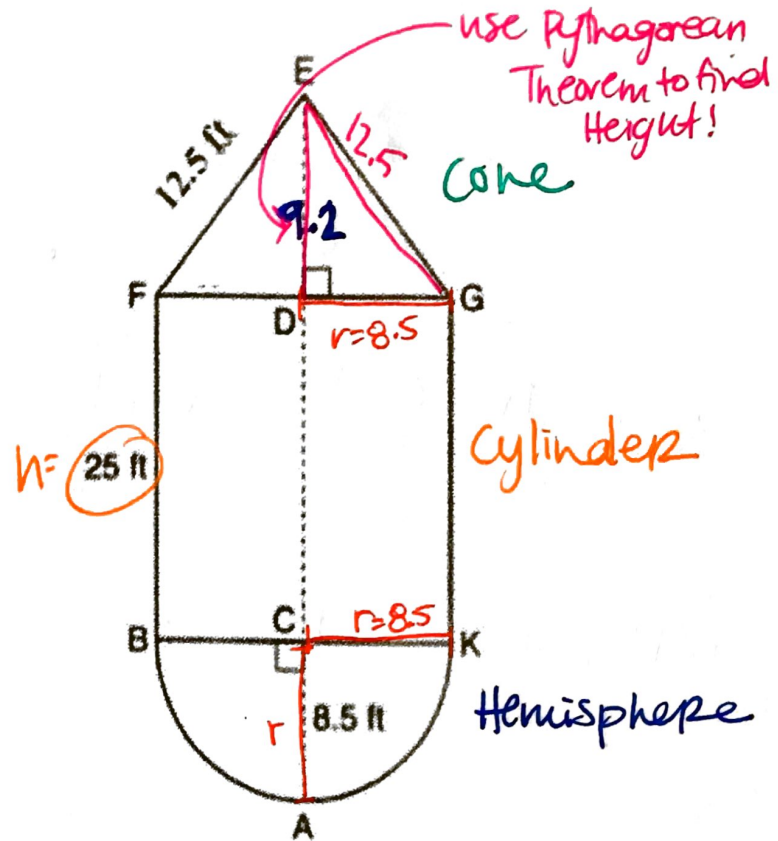
Unit 9

Int 2

Ex. 4. A water tower is shown in the picture and diagram. Find the volume of water that it could hold if it was full.



Source: <http://en.wikipedia.org>



CONE



$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$(a)^2 + (8.5)^2 = (12.5)^2$$

$$a^2 + 72.25 = 156.25$$

$$\sqrt{a^2} = \sqrt{84}$$

$$a = 9.2 \text{ in}$$

$$\frac{\pi r^2 h}{3} = \frac{\pi (8.5)^2 \cdot 9.2}{3} = \boxed{696.1 \text{ ft}^3}$$

Cylinder

$$\pi \cdot r^2 \cdot h$$

$$\pi \cdot (8.5)^2 \cdot (25)$$

$$\boxed{5674.5 \text{ ft}^3}$$

add them up!

$$\boxed{7656.8 \text{ ft}^3}$$

Hemisphere

$$\frac{4 \cdot \pi \cdot r^3}{6}$$

$$6$$

$$\frac{4 \cdot \pi \cdot (8.5)^3}{6}$$

$$6$$

$$\boxed{1286.2 \text{ ft}^3}$$

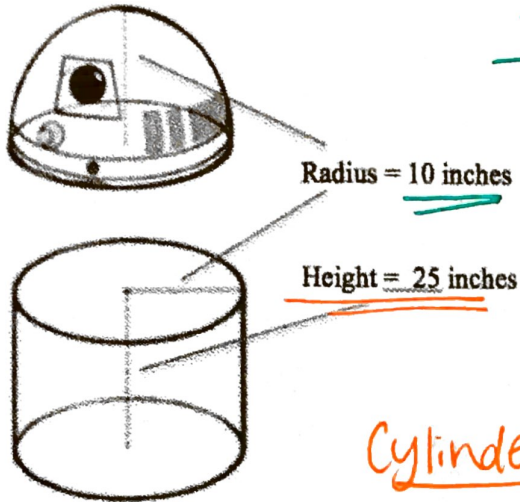
Notes 9-2

Composite Figures- Cylinders, Cones, Spheres

Unit 9

Int 2

Ex. 5: Find the volume of the body of R2-D2 if he is composed of a cylinder topped by a hemisphere.



Hemisphere

$$\frac{4 \cdot \pi \cdot r^3}{6} = \frac{4 \cdot \pi \cdot (10)^3}{6}$$

$$= 2094.4 \text{ in}^3$$



Cylinder

$$\pi \cdot r^2 \cdot h = \pi \cdot (10)^2 \cdot 25$$

$$7853.98$$

$$7854.0 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\text{Add together} = 9948.4 \text{ in}^3$$

Bonus Question: Is the following diagram true? Explain

