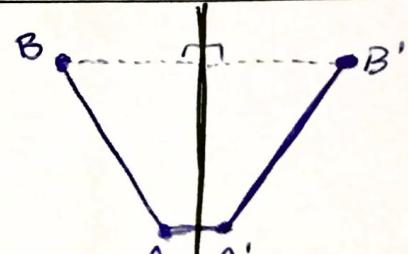
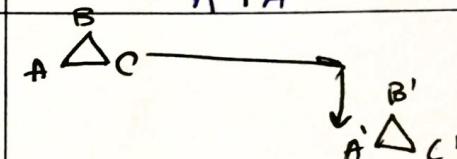
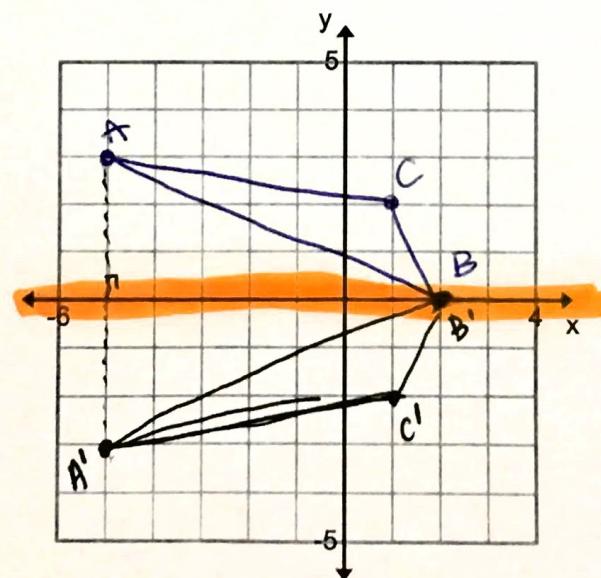


Vocabulary	Picture
<b>Pre-Image:</b> the figure you start with. $A$	
<b>Image:</b> the figure after a transformation. $A'$ "A prime"	
<b>Reflection:</b> a <u>nearer</u> image. FLIP! $B$	
<b>Line of Reflection:</b> the line that the figure is reflected in, about across...	
<b>Translation:</b> shift, slide	

Ex. 1: Graph each figure and its image under the given reflection then state the new vertices.

$\triangle ABC$  with vertices  $A(-5, 3)$ ,  $B(2, 0)$ ,  $C(1, 2)$   
 in the  $x$ -axis.

$$\begin{aligned} A' &(-5, -3) \\ B' &(2, 0) \\ C' &(1, -2) \end{aligned}$$



Ex. 2: Graph each figure and its image under the given reflection then state the new vertices.

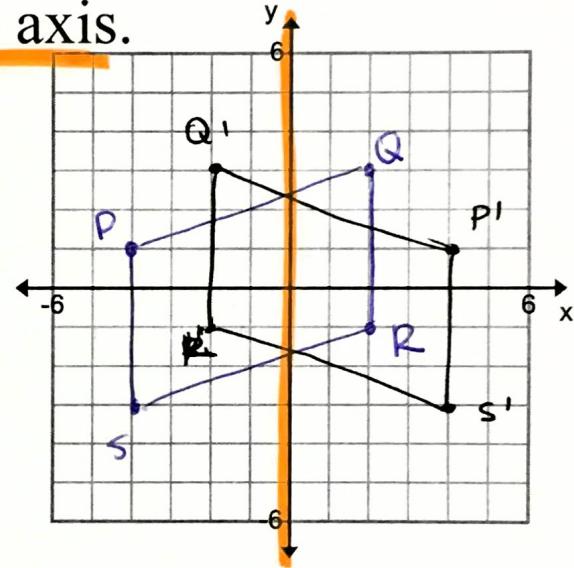
$PQRS$  with vertices  $P(-4, 1)$ ,  $Q(2, 3)$ ,  $R(2, -1)$ , and  $S(-4, -3)$  across the  $y$ -axis.

$$P'(\underline{4}, 1)$$

$$Q'(\underline{-2}, 3)$$

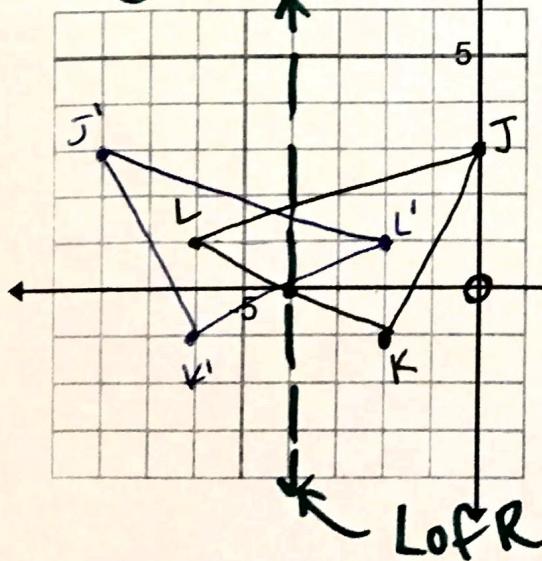
$$R'(\underline{-2}, -1)$$

$$S'(\underline{4}, -3)$$



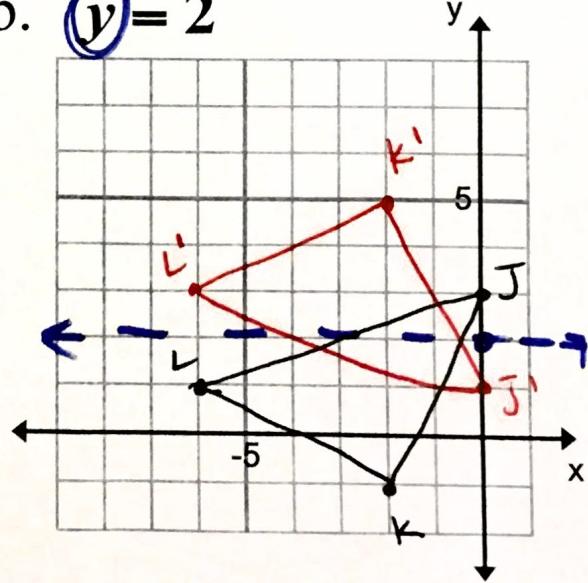
Ex. 3:  $\triangle JKL$  has vertices  $J(0, 3)$ ,  $K(-2, -1)$ , and  $L(-6, 1)$ . Graph  $\triangle JKL$  and its image in the given line and state the new vertices.

(crosses x-axis) vertical



*crosses y-axis* horizontal

b.  $y = 2$



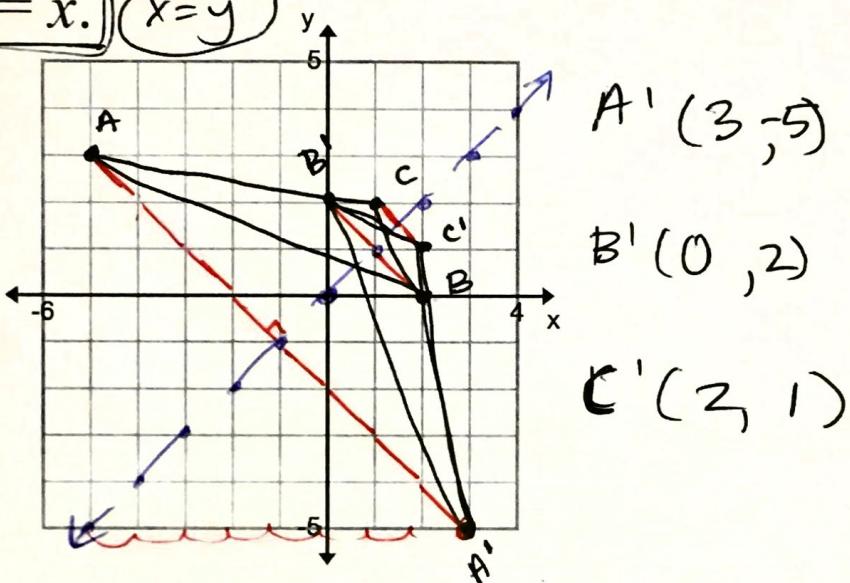
Ex. 4: Graph each figure and its image under the given reflection then state the new vertices.

a.  $\triangle ABC$  with vertices  $A(-5, 3)$ ,  $B(2, 0)$ ,  $C(1, 2)$

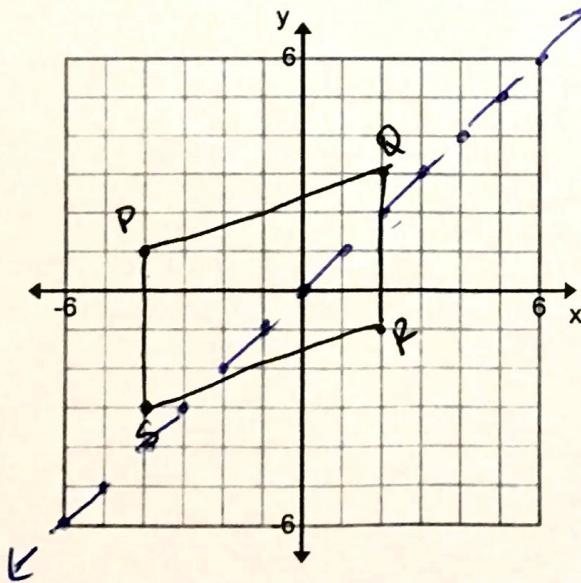
about the line  $y = x$ .

$$y = \cancel{1}x + \cancel{0}$$

$$\frac{1}{1} - \frac{1}{1}$$



b.  $PQRS$  with vertices  $P(-4, 1)$ ,  $Q(2, 3)$ ,  $R(2, -1)$ , and  $S(-4, -3)$  over the line  $y = x$ .



Ex. 5: Describe the translation using coordinate notation.

In words: right 4 down 2

$$P(2, 4)$$

$$P'(6, 2)$$

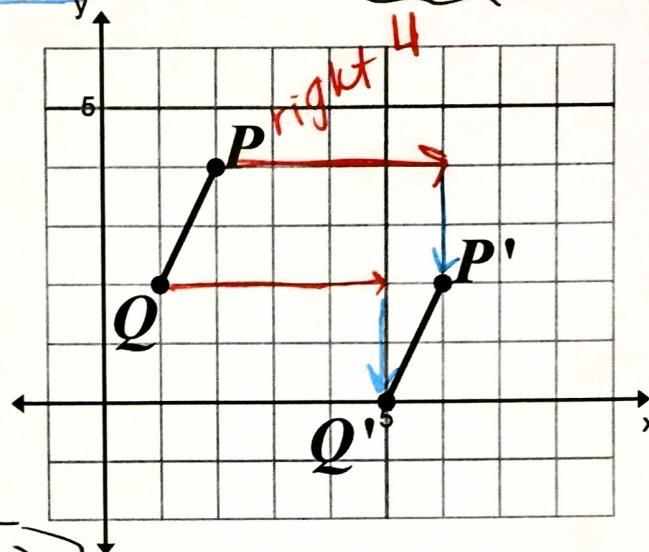
$$Q(1, 2)$$

$$Q'(5, 0)$$

~~Right, up~~

~~Down, right~~

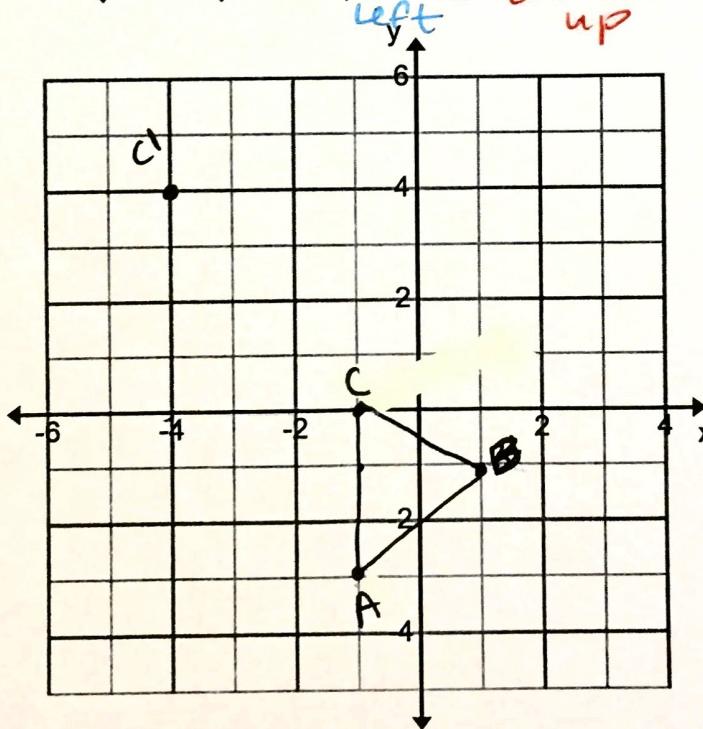
$$(x, y) \rightarrow (x + 4, y - 2)$$



Ex. 6: A triangle with vertices  $A(-1, -3)$ ,  $B(1, -1)$ ,  $C(-1, 0)$ . is shown. Sketch the image of the triangle after the translation  $(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 3, y + 4)$ .

$$C'(-1 - 3, 0 + 4)$$

$$C'(-4, 4)$$



Ex. 7: Consider the translation that is defined by the coordinate notation  $(x, y) \rightarrow (\underline{x - 5}, \underline{y + 8})$

$$\begin{aligned}x' &= x - 5 \\y' &= y + 8\end{aligned}$$

a. What is the image of  $X(4, 2)$ ?  $x'(-1, 10)$

b. What is the pre-image of  $\underline{Y(-3, -4)}$ ?  $\begin{array}{r}\underline{-3 = x - 5} \\+5 \\--- \\2 = x\end{array}$

c. What is the image of  $Z(0, 2)$ ?  $\begin{array}{r}\underline{-4 = y + 8} \\-8 \\--- \\-12 = y\end{array}$